Topic 3.3: How does energy transformation affect global systems?

•	Earth is a	in which energy is trans	formed.			
•	Earth's atmosphere i	s heated by the	and transfer of			
	energy and	energy.				
•	Energy transfer and	energy transformation	Earth's temperature.			
•	Energy transformation ecosystems.	on and transfer can	aquatic and terrestrial			
Conce	pt 1: Earth is a	in which energy is t	ransformed.			
•						
	, and mountain form	ation on Earth are all due to	energy transformations.			
•		y, les in Earth's system.	energy, and	_ energy		
•	energ	gy has the greatest impact or	n Earth.			
•	Its transformations o	lrive water movement throu	gh the and the			
•	 energ	gy is transformed into	energy inside Earth's o	crust.		
•	This thermal energy volcanic activities.	drives	to move and is the source o	of		
•	energy is used to produce electricity.					
•	The Moon's	energy is the	reason why exist c	n Earth.		
1. 2.		y contribute to the Earth sys y transformation has the gre				

Conce	ot 2: Earth's atmos	phere is heated by	the	and transfer	of
energy	and	_ energy.			
•	The Sun gives off	ene	rgy.		
•	This	_ energy is transfo	rmed into	energy	
•	The Sun's	energy con	sists of	light,	
	and	_ radiation.			
•	When	light is absorbe	ed by Earth's surf	face, it is convert	ed into
	en	ergy.			
•	The atmosphere _	infra	red radiation an	d traps it as	energy.
•	rac	diation plays the la	rgest role in regu	ulating Earth's ter	mperature.
•	The rest of the sol and the atmosphe			, and sca	ttered by clouds
•		gases warm Eart	h's atmosphere	and contribute to	o the
	eff	ect.			
•	gas	ses include	, wate	er vapour,	,
	and	<u>.</u>			
•	Conduction: the to	ransfer of	energy be	etween two subst	tances that are
•	of	molecules in the w	ater and land tra	ansfer	energy to
	molecules in the a	ir through			
•	Convection: the tr from one place to		energy by	the	of heated fluids
•	Convection occurs	in the	and distribut	tes	_ energy.

•	radiation
•	conduction greenhouse gases
	convection
·	
Conce	pt 3: Energy transfer and energy transformation Earth's temperature.
•	Water moves among the hydrosphere, geosphere, and atmosphere through:
1)	
2)	
3)	
4)	
•	releases energy into the atmosphere.
•	Water returns to the surface through as rain and snow.
•	When water absorbs thermal energy, it from Earth's surface.
•	Plants take up water from the and release it into the as
	water vapour. This is the process of
Water	Moderates Earth's Temperature
•	Water absorbs a lot of energy through
•	plays a role in cooling Earth.
•	capacity: the amount of energy required to change the
	temperature of g of a substance by degree Celsius
•	has a high specific heat capacity.
•	Therefore, ocean temperatures stay

1. Describe the roles played by the following in warming Earth's atmosphere.

- 1. Describe the role energy transformation plays in the water cycle.
- 2. What is specific heat capacity?
- 3. Why are coastal temperatures more moderate than inland ones?

Concept 4: Energy		and can harm		aquatic and terrestrial		
ecosys	stems.					
•	Greenhouse gases are causing Earth's atmosphere to become					
	This is leading to the		in ocean temperatu	re as well.		
	 As a result, aquatic ed dying. 	cosystems are b	eing	_ and aquatic animals are		
•	Terrestrial ecosystems areexposure.	in	npacted by the	in radiation		
	mater contaminating terres			the are		
	Harmful effects are se	een as a result o	of			
	Explain how climate change Why are radioactive materia	_				
Topic	3.3 Summary: How does ener	gy	affect glob	oal systems?		
•	Earth is a system in which en	ergy is	·			
•	Earth's atmosphere is	by the	transformation and	transfer of		
	energy and	e	nergy.			
•	Energy and e	nergy	modera	ate Earth's temperature.		
•	Energy transformation and to ecosystems.	ransfer can	aquatic	and terrestrial		